

Florida's Common Assessment for Juvenile Justice Education Programs

George Pesta Juvenile Justice Education & NCLB Project

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Florida's Juvenile Justice Population 189 Programs ◆ 25 Detention Centers 122 Residential Programs ♦ 42 Day Treatment Programs In 2004-05, 33,930 students served \bullet 16, 179 in detention ◆ 13,742 in residential ♦ 4,009 in day treatment



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History of Pre/Post Assessment

The issues:

- Traditional statewide assessment programs are administered annually
- In Florida most students are committed to programs for 6 to 9 months
- No way to evaluate effectiveness of educational programs in juvenile justice settings



History of Pre/Post Assessment

- In 1999 the Florida Legislature passed legislation requiring measurement of student academic progress in the basic areas of reading, writing, and mathematics for students in DJJ
- Florida Department of Education in collaboration with school districts
 - Identified assessments that met psychometric rigor requirements
 - 32 assessment in use in juvenile justice education programs were identified
 - Students assessed at entry and exit



Common Pre/Post Today

In 2004 Florida Statute 1003.52(3)(b) was enacted
Requires the Department of Education, with assistance from school districts, to select a common assessment instrument for measuring progress of students while in juvenile justice programs

Meet requirements for Federal Title I, Part D



The Selection Process

- Common assessment workgroup involving key stakeholders was established and given the charge to:
 - Identify and recommend critical elements to be considered for selection of an assessment
 - Identify and recommend critical elements and decision points for implementing the assessment system
 - Review information on existing assessments



Workgroup Recommendations

Critical Elements for the Assessment

- One assessment tool
- Covers content areas of reading, language arts, and math
- Covers grades 3 through 12
- Has psychometric rigor
- Easy to administer and score
- Minimal training requirements
- Low cost



Workgroup Recommendations

Implementation of the Assessment System

- Only students in residential and day treatment programs
- Entry assessment within 10 school days (new statutory language)
- Exit assessment for students in program for 45 school days or more
- Consideration be given to assessing students in long term commitment annually



The Selection Process

Request for Proposal

- Using the recommendations from the workgroup DOE issued an RFP for a common assessment
- Evaluation Committee was formed
- Bidders were evaluated based on cost, qualifications, and technical quality of their proposal
- The Basic Achievement Skills Inventory (BASI) was selected
- Pearson Assessments was awarded a three year contract with option for renewal



Basic Achievement Skills Inventory Has four grade-specific levels ◆ Level 1 – grades 3-4 ◆ Level 2 – grades 5-6 ◆ Level 3 – grades 7-8 ◆ Level 4 – grades 9-12 Each level has two forms



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Basic Achievement Skills Inventory

■ BASITM Comprehensive

- Each test booklet has six subtests
 - Vocabulary (10 minutes)
 - Spelling (10 minutes)
 - Language Mechanics (10 minutes)
 - Reading Comprehension (30 minutes)
 - Math Computation (20 minutes)
 - Math Application (35 minutes)
- Total test administration time is 115

minutes



Basic Achievement Skills Inventory

- Accommodations for Students with Disabilities
- Computer Administered or Paper and Pencil
- Advantages of computer administered
 - Reduces scoring error
 - Insures standardized administration
 - Minimizes administration training needs



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- Legislature provided funds to DOE to purchase assessment
 - On-line ordering windows for juvenile justice programs in May and November



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Training

 Six train the trainer sessions provided last year for all Juvenile Justice program lead educators

 Step by step process in both hard copy and cd



- Start date was July 1, 2006
- Data reporting

 Format established for reporting results through the statewide automated student database for each student

 Report results for reading, language arts, and math



Quality Assurance Reviews

- Juvenile Justice Education Enhancement Program (JJEEP) conducts annual reviews of all juvenile justice education programs
- Indicator in quality assurance standards that addresses both administration of common assessment and reporting of

results



The next set of challenges

- Multiple administrations for students moving from one program to another
- Determining what is meaningful growth over varying periods of time
 - Pearson has developed growth tables for us to use (9 weeks, semester, and across school years)
- Use of assessment based on grade and time of year
- Using results for program evaluation and research





Conference on Juvenile Justice Education and No Child Left Behind

For Information, Contact The Center for Criminology and Public Policy Research 850–414 – 8355



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